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ON THE AGENDA



Keeping people safe

CHIEF CONSTABLE'S REPORT TO THE CLACKMANNANSHIRE LICENSING BOARD FOR THE PERIOD 1ST APRIL 2018 to 31ST MARCH 2019

Foreword

It gives me great pleasure to provide the Annual Licensing Report for 2018/19, in accordance with Section 12(A) Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005. During this year the Minimum Unit Pricing of Alcohol was introduced in Scotland. We will work through the Evaluation Advisory Group to assess the impact of this legislation

Working in partnership is key to effective regulation in liquor licensing. Police Scotland remains committed to working closely with partners in the 32 Local Authorities across Scotland to ensure a fair and consistent approach. Preventing alcohol fuelled violence, disorder and antisocial behaviour is a priority and I believe that working together to achieve effective early intervention and enforcement is vital to this.

I would like to acknowledge the many active local partnerships that provide continued support, enabling Police Scotland and partners to drive improvement in licensing. I will ensure that all officers and staff continue to recognise the importance of working closely with key partners, including the Licensed Trade, to improve licensing standards nationally utilising the range of options available to them.

I am confident that through strong partnerships and collaborative working, we will meet any challenges that may arise and will continue to improve licensing standards for the communities of Scotland.

Mr Iain Livingstone QPM
Chief Constable
Police Service of Scotland

Police Scotland Licensing Overview

The Violence Prevention and Licensing Co-ordination Unit (VPLCU) sits within Safer Communities based at Dalmarnock Police Station, Glasgow.

The VPLCU upholds the two tier structure for licensing which supports both national and local priorities through service delivery. They have overall responsibility for determining and delivering national licensing strategy and policy, by providing advice, guidance and support to divisional licensing teams as well as undertaking other specialist functions.

The Violence Prevention and Licensing Co-ordination Unit is a specialist department which consists of a small team of officers, based in Glasgow. The officers within the unit work with divisional licensing teams and partner agencies to help shape policy and strategy around the police licensing function. They provide practical and tactical advice to police licensing practitioners, operational officers, supervisors and policing commanders.

The VPLCU seek to ensure that legislation governing the sale and supply of alcohol is applied consistently across the country and all opportunities are taken to stop the illegal or irresponsible sale, supply or consumption of alcohol with the intention of preventing and reducing crime and disorder.

During 2018/2019, from a licensing perspective, our particular focus will be on the following;

- Scrutiny of the serious incidents of violence, disorder and antisocial behaviour linked to licensed premises.
- Continuous professional development training and guidance for staff to harmonise licensing practice across the country.
- Working closely with statutory partners within a National Licensing Trade Forum to identify licensing related issues and prevent/reduce associated crimes.
- Governance and ongoing development of the National ICT Licensing System, known as "Inn Keeper", to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of liquor and civic licensing administration and management.
- The implementation and ongoing development of the Licensing Admin tool provides divisional licensing officers with a single ICT product negating the need to research police systems independently. Through accurate recording, the licensing admin tool assists Police Scotland in deploying our resources to the right places and the right time to keep people safe.

Each of the 13 Local Policing Divisions have a licensing team responsible for the day to day management of licensing administration, complying with statutory requirements as well as addressing any issues that may arise within licensed premises in their local area.

Licensing Board Area

The Clackmannanshire local authority area is policed by Forth Valley Division.

Chief Superintendent Thom McLoughlin is the Local Police Commander who has the responsibility for all day-to-day policing functions.

The senior officers who hold responsibility for licensing within the area of Stirling are as follows;

Local Area Commander; Chief Inspector Drew Sinclair

Superintendent (Partnerships); Superintendent Mark Lundie

Inspector, Preventions and Interventions; Inspector Marie White

Licensing Sergeant; Sergeant Claire MacKenzie

The Clackmannanshire Area Command serves over 51000 local residents over an area covering 61 square miles incorporating both urban and village communities. The Sub- Divisional Headquarters are based in Alloa.

There are a total of 134 licensed premises located throughout the Clackmannanshire Area Command. The highest concentration of premises are within Alloa Town Centre which has two nightclubs and numerous bars.

Local Policing Priorities

Following our public consultation process, the policing priorities for Forth Valley Division, as set out in our Local Policing Plan are as follows

- Responsive to the concerns of our communities
- Enhancing our collective resilience to emerging threats
- Protecting people most at risk from harm
- Promoting confidence through our actions

Police Officers who work locally within Clackmannanshire Area Command and officers from the Police Licensing Department always have these priorities in mind during engagement with licensed premises staff and members of the community who are potentially affected by the operation of licensed premises within their community.

Operation of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005

It is a fact that the misuse of alcohol can be harmful and damaging to our communities. In terms of policing alcohol is very often a contributory factor in the calls that police officers attend from low level anti-social behaviour to domestic abuse and incidents of serious violence and injury.

To put this in perspective in the year under report there were 679 cases of violent crime recorded within the Clackmannanshire Area, 158 (30.4%) of the offenders were drunk or under the influence of alcohol.

There were 531 cases of disorder reported and 229 (43.2%) of the accused in these cases the accused were described as drunk or under the influence of alcohol.

In terms of offences linked directly with licensed premises there were a total of 16 cases of violent crime with 6 (30.0%) of these having been observed as drunk or had been drinking.

There were 9 disorder charges linked with licensed premises with 7 (41.2%) of those accused being either drunk or having been drinking.

Please note there may be more than 1 accused per charge which results in above percentages.

When considering these statistics it is important to bear in mind that in the total number of offences of violent crime and disorder recorded during the year there were 363 charges recorded where the sobriety of the accused was not known. This would be the case when perhaps the accused was not immediately traced by police. Therefore it is a possibility that percentages of those drunk when committing offences could be higher.

The specific crime types are detailed in the attached statistics and shows common assault and threatening abusive behaviour as by far the most common charges. Although not recorded as officially linked to licensed premises those involved in other crimes will have purchased their alcohol from a licensed premises somewhere along the line, whether this has been sold responsibly or otherwise.

It is the responsibility of Police Scotland to ensure that staff in licensed premises are complying with the Licensing Objectives as detailed in the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 and to take the necessary action when it is established that this is not the case. It is also the Police responsibility to ensure that those conducting themselves improperly on licensed premises are reported to the Procurator Fiscal and brought to justice.

In the Clackmannanshire Area Command this is achieved by the following means;

1. Weekend Policing Plan

Throughout the year the policing of licensed premises in Clackmannanshire is managed by the Weekend Policing Plan which is adapted weekly to take into account intelligence and recent incidents within licensed premises. The Divisional Alcohol and Violence Reduction Unit and Community Policing Teams staff this plan and default patrol in the town centre around known hotspots as part of the plan.

The Licensing Department review data from police systems on a daily basis and prepare a weekly report detailing all incidents within or connected to licensed premises throughout Clackmannanshire Area Command. This includes police reports, all telephone calls made or emails sent to police in relation to licensed

premises and any intelligence which is received. The report also includes any significant events which are taking place and details of occasional licences and extended hours granted to licensed premises. This information is shared weekly when the Licensing Department meet with the Area commander.

If patterns are identified within a licensed premises which give cause for concern then the premises become a monitored premises and will be inspected on a more frequent basis by local officers. All information in relation to these visits is fed back to the licensing department which considers any further action required.

If a premises is monitored the additional visits also provide support for the premises staff and any anti-social behaviour on the premises is dealt with robustly by the police officers in attendance. As can be seen from the attached statistics there have been very few offences relating to the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 within licensed premises although as previously stated there have been 16 charges involving violence and 9 disorder charges linked with licensed premises during the period under report.

It is worth noting that there were also 8 charges in relation to persons consuming alcohol in a public place. These charges are generally as a result of proactive work on the part of the police to prevent this type of anti-social behaviour on the streets.

There are also a significant amount of proactive Inspections of Licensed Premises conducted to ensure compliance with the legislation and the Licensing Objectives.

During the period under report there were 417 proactive visits to licensed premises throughout Clackmannanshire Area Command. This includes inspections of Town Centre premises but also a significant amount of visits to premises based in more suburban areas.

2. Monitored / Intervention

Generally if an incident occurs at a licensed premises contact is made with those in a position of responsibility, the incident discussed and any necessary actions taken. In the majority of cases this prevents any repeat of the type of incident.

As mentioned in the previous section if a premises gives cause for concern then it becomes a 'monitored' premises. This involves local officers and officers from the licensing department engaging with the premises in an attempt to identify why there may have been repeated incidents occurring on the premises, offering the necessary advice and support.

If there is no change then officers from the licensing department meet with the Designated Premises Manager and in some cases the Licence Holder and prepare an Intervention plan which the police and the DPM/Licence holder sign. This involves agreed measures which will be taken to improve the operation of the premises; for example more staff undergoing the training to become a personal licence holder or a change in the hours stewards are employed or more frequent toilet checks. The plans which are put in place are dependent on the problems being encountered.

Should the staff on the premises prove uncooperative and the problems continue then consideration would be given to submitting an application for review of the premises licence under Section 36 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 or a review of the personal licence of staff involved under Section 84 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.

During the period under report there was 1 monitored premises within the Clackmannanshire Area. No premises were subject to an intervention agreement and there was no requirement for any premises or personal licence review applications to the licensing board.

This would indicate that the proactive work undertaken has been effective as a preventative measure.

3. Partnership Working

During 2018/2019 there has been a range of initiatives between Police and partner organisations aimed at ensuring safety in and around licensed premises.

The Police Licensing Department carried out visits at Halloween weekend to on sales premises accompanied by SIA (Security Industry Authority) enforcement officers in order to ensure that premises with stewards were complying with the legislation under the Private Security Industry Act 2001. Apart from a few minor advisory points the representative from SIA concluded that premises within Clackmannanshire were largely compliant with the legislation.

The licensing Department are also regularly in contact with these enforcement officers in relation to the conduct of stewards on the doors of premises and if necessary consideration will be given to suspending an SIA licence for improper conduct.

However during 2018 / 2019 this was not necessary in relation to the Clackmannanshire Area.

In June 2018 officers from the Licensing Department also carried out a series of visits to licensed premises with Immigration Enforcement to ensure persons were not being employed on premises who had no permission to work in the United Kingdom. All persons involved in the sale of alcohol had permission to work in the UK.

Police Officers from the Licensing Department as well as local officers work well in partnership with the Licensing Standards Officer to identify and address any emerging issues before they become problematic.

Again, it would appear that there is general compliance with the law among licensed premises in the Clackmannanshire Area. However these checks with partner agencies will continue as they considered to be an effective deterrent. Furthermore, regular contact between the police and these partner agencies assists with the flow of information and ensures that any emerging issues can be dealt with effectively.

4. Licensing Policy Statement

During 2018 / 2019 Police Scotland took an active part in the development of the Clackmannanshire Licensing Board Statement of Licensing Policy 2018 – 2023, attending Licensing Forums and other meetings where the proposed policy was discussed. Crime statistics were analysed and opinion offered as to the Licensing Board's position on Overprovision.

5. Exclusion Orders / Closure Orders

Where a person is being reported to the Procurator Fiscal for an offence involving violence on a Licensed Premises the Police in Stirling request that consideration is given to imposing an exclusion order if a person is convicted. Section 94 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 gives the court the power to impose an exclusion order preventing the convicted person from entering certain licensed premises for a specified period of time.

Under section 97 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act police can apply to the Licensing Board for a closure order in relation to any premises as a result of a risk of disorder and risk to public safety. During 2018/2019 there has been no necessity to apply for a closure order in the Clackmannanshire Area Command.

6. Licensing Forum

A representative from the Police Licensing Department regularly attends the local licensing forum in order to hear from licence holders and members of the public and address any concerns they may have. This also contributes to an effective working relationship with licensed premises staff and ultimately a safer environment for the people of Clackmannanshire.

7. Applications For Licences

Section 22 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 covers applications for a premises licence. All applications for premises licences are considered by police. This is achieved by scrutinising police databases to ensure that the granting of a licence will not present issues for the community. Police Officers from the Licensing Department will also make contact with local police officers to ascertain if they predict any problems with the granting of the licence and on most occasions will make contact with the prospective licence holder and visit the proposed premises in order to gain an understanding of what the licence holder is looking to achieve.

There have been no objections to premises licence applications during 2018 / 2019.

Section 72 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 covers applications for a personal licence. All applications for personal licences are considered by police by carrying out checks on police databases. In the tear 2018 / 2019 there was 1 objection to the grant of a personal licence.

8. Other Licensing Offences

It is worth noting that there are have been no charges for offences under Section 1 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 (selling alcohol without a licence) or Section 63 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 (selling alcohol out with licensed hours) in the Clackmannanshire area during the 2018 / 2019 period. Likewise there have been no charges for offences such as selling alcohol to a drunk person or staff being drunk on licensed premises.

It can be concluded that through effective analysis of information and strong partnership working underpinned by our local policing priorities Licensed Premises in Clackmannanshire operate for the most part effectively and safely and in support of the Licensing Objectives laid out in the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.

Preventing the sale or supply of alcohol to children or young persons

It is recognised that alcohol misuse among children and young persons can be extremely damaging and may result in antisocial behaviour and a negative impact on the community as well as the children involved.

As can be seen from the attached statistics there is 1 charge relating to giving alcohol to a child which relates to a person purchasing alcohol and giving it to a child. There have been no charges in relation to selling alcohol to a child or young person or any charges in relation to young person's buying or attempting to buy alcohol.

Community Police Officers in Clackmannanshire engage directly with children, educating them as to the potential dangers involved in consuming alcohol. They have the trust of children and young persons in the local community and can gather intelligence in relation to their alcohol consumption and take any appropriate action. The Preventions and Interventions Department at Forth Valley also engage with young people throughout the community and deliver presentations aimed to raise awareness of potential risks.

Police officers on day to day duties who come across children and young persons under the influence of alcohol share this information with partnership organisations such as healthcare, social work and education and steps can be taken to attempt to establish the root cause for these behaviours rather than criminalising these children.

As can be seen from the attached statistics the percentage of criminal activity in and around licensed premises involving children is negligible.

Tackling Serious and Organised Crime

Licensed Premises are one type of business known to be used by Serious and Organised Crime Groups for the purposes of laundering money and the commission of drugs offences. Clackmannanshire Area Command fully engages with Scotland's Serious and Organised Crime Strategy aiming to Divert, Deter, Detect, Disrupt

serious and organised crime and the harm it causes. Serious and Organised Crime is not just about drugs but is linked to Human Trafficking, Cyber Crime and Sexual Exploitation.

On a local basis in relation to licensed premises the Community Policing Teams and Licensing Department regularly engage with the local community and staff within licensed premises ensuring that there is a comprehensive intelligence picture in relation to potential Serious and Organised Criminal Activity within licensed premises in the area. The Licensing Department is regularly in contact with the Force Disruptions Unit, sharing information and working to deny persons involved in this type of activity access to licensed premises.

Proposed activity

During the year ahead police will continue to work alongside partners to ensure the Licensed Premises in Clackmannanshire remain safe places to socialise and shop and opportunities will be sought to develop further effective partnerships such as with regulatory bodies such as HMRC and Trading Standards.

There will remain a focus on intelligence led policing of licensed premises and enforcement action will be taken when necessary.

To conclude we would like to thank you for your continued support and stress the importance of this collaborative problem solving approach. This ensures that police, licence holders and licensed premises staff have a better understanding of their responsibilities. We look forward to furthering this partnership over the coming year.

Clackmannanshire Area Command - All locus types - 2018/19

	Charge Status	Status	
Violent Crime and Disorder (All locus types)	Detected	Undetected	Total Charges
Serious Assault	43	6	49
Common Assault	384	193	577
Assault (Officer/emergency worker)	53	0	53
Breach of the Peace	15	2	17
Jrinate/defecate	12	0	12
Threatening or abusive behaviour	438	64	502
Total Charges	945	265	1210

		Accı	Accused Sobriety		
			Had Been		
Violent Crime and Disorder (All locus types)	Drugs	Drunk	- Drinking	Not Known	Sober
Serious Assault	1	1	10	28	9
Common Assault	11	48	72	164	122
Assault (Officer/emergency worker)	9	11	16	14	ω
Breach of the Peace	0	∞	2	6	7
Urinate/defecate	0	ω	6	ω	0
Threatening or abusive behaviour	16	93	117	148	91
Total Offenders from Detected Charges	37	164	223	363	232

2	2	0	0	0	0	0	Drugs	
5	4	0	0	Ы	0	0	Drunk	Accused (ago
12	4	0	0	0	6	2	Had Been Drinking Not Known	Accused Sobriety Accused (age 17 years or less)
42	15	0	Ц	ω	19	4	ot Known	ess)
74	16	0	Н	ш	55	Д	Sober	

Violent Crime and Disorder (All locus types)

Serious Assault

Common Assault

ssault (Officer/emergency worker)

Total Offenders from Detected Charges

Threatening or abusive behaviour

Jrinate/defecate

reach of the Peace

Supplementary Report to Chief Constables Report 2018/19 to Clackmannanshire Licensing Board

violence and disorder offences occurring only within licenced premises and Licensing offences. provide a statistical comparison to previous years. Sections in the report include violence and disorder offences for all locus types, This supplementary report provides further statistical information on alcohol related offences for the benefit of the Board as It is hoped this will provide an appreciation of alcohol related offending within Clackmannanshire Board Area and

Violence and Disorder Offences - All Locus Types

charges due to multiple accused per charge on occasions.) time of the offence. (note: The number of accused persons is provided in brackets. This figure differs from the number of detected year period. The data shows the percentage of accused persons who were recorded as 'being drunk' or 'had been drinking' at the Table 1 shows a summary of the total number of Violent Crime and Disorder offences in the Clackmannanshire Area over a three

- after having experiencing an increase in both from 2016/17. Violent Crime data shows 2018/19 experienced a decrease in the total number of both charges and detections from 2017/18
- comparison to 2016/17. (from 160 to 206) recent period, the number of accused where sobriety was recorded as 'sobriety unknown' increased by 28.8 % in that the percentage of offenders who were intoxicated fell from 41.7% to 30.4%. It should be noted however that in the most Violent crime for the periods 2016/17 and 2018/19 both had similar levels of charges, detections and offences and we see
- as 'sobriety unknown' remained at a similar level each period percentage of those accused persons recorded as 'drunk' or 'had been drinking' also decreased while the number recorded Disorder data provides that the number of disorder type charges and detections saw a decreasing trend from 2016/17. The

Table 1

	Disorder 679	Violent Crime 666	To Ch:	All locus types
1047	579 79 (619)	468 36 (506)	tal arg Detected es Charges	20
1	303	211	Accused persons drunk or had been drinking	2016/17
15 7%	48.9%	41.7%	% accused persons drunk or had been drinking	
1372	574	798	Total Charges	
1088	503 (542)	585 (632)	Detected	2017/18
489	264	225	Accused drunk or had been drinking	7/18
41.7%	48.7%	45.7%	% accused drunk or had been drinking	
1210	531	679	Total Charg	
945 (1019)	(500)	(519)	Detected Charges	20
387	229	158	Accused drunk or had been drinking	2018/19
38.0%	45.8%	30.4%	% accused drunk or had been drinking	

provided above and specifically shows detected and undetected crimes. Table 2 further breaks down the summary table above into type of offences. This table gives a more detailed look at the figures

- almost 90% in each period. Charges of common assault and threatening or abusive behaviour account for the majority of offences, together making up
- Serious assaults have seen an increasing trend, although the detection rate remained consistently high at between 87% and
- The detection rate for common assaults was lower in each period, ranging from 65% to 68%.

Table 2

		2016/17			2017/18			2018/19	
		Illadatactad	Total	Detected	Undetected	Total Charges	Detected	Undetected	Charges
Violent Crime and Disorder	Delicipied	Ollueigerea	Olivi goo						
) -	28	ω	31	41	ω	44	43	ത	
Serious Assault		2	E E E	181	210	671	384	193	
Common Assault	200	101	000	Č					
	78		79	83	0	83	53	0	
Assault (Officer/emergency worker)							1)	
Brooch of the Desce	34	0	34	17		18	15	2	
DIEGOTO THE LEGGE		D	47	د د	D.	<u> </u>	12	0	
Urinate/defecate	11	c	11						
Historian or abusing babasing in	528	100	628	475	70	545	438	64	
Inreatening of abusive periaviour	010						2	365	
	1047	298	1345	1088	284	1372	945	202	

were aged 17 or under. Table 3 provides the sobriety of those who were charged with offences. Table 4 shows the same information for only those who

Table 3

Tofal Charges	Threatening or abusive behaviour	Urinate/defecate	Breach of the Peace	Assault (emergency worker)	Common Assault	Serious Assault	Accused Sobriety	Disorder (All locus types)	Violent Crime and	
36	19	0	5	8	4	0	Drugs			
243	133	8	10	29	60	ω	Drunk			
271	131	œ	13	24	80	15	Drinking	Been	Had	2016/17
315	147	_	7	12	136	12	Known	Not		
260	129	0	œ	6	112	5	Sober			-
57	24	0	1	19	13	0	Blugs	,		
236	127	ω	2	27	71	0	Munic	,		
253	117	0	9	24	83	14	BUNNING	Been	Had	2017/18
373	145	2	9	13	182	22	TUKKETIN	Not		
255	95	0	2	حاد	148		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Schor		
37	16	C	0	9	, -1		2001	Drive		
164	93	C	α	2 - 1	48	5 -	Y CHILD	Drink		
223	117	σ	0 1	5 6	12	7 2	10	Drinking	Had	2018/19
363	148	u	0	4	104	101	30	Known		
232	91	c		1 0	221	200	0	Sober		

Table 4

Total Charges	Threatening or abusive behaviour	Urinate/defecate	Breach of the Peace	Assault (emergency worker)	Common Assault	Serious Assault	Violent Crime and Disorder (All locus types) Accused (aged 17 years or less) Sobriety	
1		0	0	0	0	0	Drugs	
26	12	0	_	8	5	0	Drunk	
23	16		0	2	4	0	Had · Been Drinking	2016/17
65	21	1	4	သ	33	ω	Not Known Sober Drugs	
69	28	0	0	2	37	2	Sober	
13	ω	0	0	10	0	0	Drugs	
18	9	0	0		8	0		
24	10	0	1	4	0	ω	Had Been Drunk Drinking	2017/18
52	23	0	0	0	26	ω	Not Known	
79	17	0	0	0	61	-	Sober	
2	2	0	0	0	0	0	Drugs	
5	4	0	0	_	0	0	Drunk	
12	4	0	0	0	o o	2	Had Been Drinking	2018/19
42	15	0		· C	19	4	Not Known	
74	16	0	حـ ا		55	<u> </u>	Sober	

Violence and Disorder Offences - Licensed Premises

three year period which have occurred specifically in a licensed club, public house or hotel. Table 5 shows the total number of offences and detections for Violent Crime and Disorder in the Clackmannanshire area over a

occurred just outside the locus and recorded as locus type 'street' for example. offences for all locus types. The data will therefore not include any offences that may be linked to licenced premises and have Violent and disorder type offences recorded as occurring in licensed premises accounted for on average just under 3% of the

- Total charges are at the lowest level in 2018/19.
- The detection rate is at the lowest level in 2018/19, specifically due to violent crime which may impact on accused sobriety for that period
- The percentage of accused being under the influence of alcohol is consistently high across the periods

Table 5

Total Charges	Disorder	Violent Crime		Licensed Premises
39	17	22	Total	
34 (87%)		19 (86%)	Detected Charges (% Detected)	2016/17
34 (87%) 26 (68%)	13 (72%)	13 (65%)	Accused drunk or had been drinking (%)	
43	14	29	Total Charges	
38 (88%)	13 (93%)	25 (86%)	Detected Charges (% Detected)	2017/18
38 (88%) 40 (89%)	14 (93%)	26 (88%)	Accused drunk or had been drinking (%)	
25	9	16	Total Charges	
17 (68%)	8 (89%)	9 (56%)	Detected Charges (% Detected)	2018/19
17 (68%) 13 (72%)	7 (87%)	6 (60%)	Accused drunk or had been drinking (%)	

Licensing Offences

each where they were aged 17 years or less. Table 6 shows the number of licensing charges by charge description for each period along with the number of accused persons for

Table 6

	-	Of which,		Of which,		Of which,
	No. of Charges	accused aged 17 yrs or less	No. of Charges	accused aged 17 yrs or less	No. of Charges	accused aged 17 yrs or less
Charge Description	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	2018/19	2018/19
A person behaves in a disorderly manner and refuses/fails to leave premises on	0	0		0	0	0
A person on relevant premises, while drunk, behaving in a disorderly manner	2	0	2	0	0	0
buy or attempt to buy alcohol for a child or young person	2	0	0	0	0	0
Consume alcohol in a designated public place - Local Order (assumption)	9	0	7	0		
Consume or take away alcohol after being asked not to	0	0	0	0	2	0
Print & incarable	o o		o	0	2	0
Drunk in charge of child	2	0	0	0	0	0
Person buys or attempts to buy alcohol for a child	0	0		0	_	0
Person buys or attempts to buy alcohol for a voling person	0	0		0	0	0
Person giving alcohol to a child	0	0	0	0	_	0
Person under 18 buy or attempt to buy alcohol	0	0		0	0	0
Sale of alcohol without a premises licence or an occasional licence			2	0	0	0
Total Charges	22	1	. 21	0	14	L

OFFICIAL: POLICE AND PARTNERS

Additional Information

Whilst the overall number of charges in each of these sections may seem low we now have other methods of disposal that would not be counted as a charge in this section such as fixed penalty notices, police warnings etc.

In addition to the crime data provided above, we also thought it would be useful to provide some information particularly related to the work completed over the last three years in licensed premises in the Clackmannan Area.

I able /

417	274	104	Number of visits to licensed premises
0	0		Number of Formal and Informal Interventions
2018/19	2017/18	2016/17	